



MR. AND MRS. JOSEPH SAMPSON DINED.

The children and grandchildren of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Sampson, of this city, surprised the old folks by going to the home of the good old people and taking a nice lunch and spread.

Wail of Modern Benedicts

1. My wife is boss, I shall not deny.
2. She maketh me to lie down behind the bed when the swell company comes, and she leadeth me behind her up Main Street.
3. She restoreth my pocketbook after she hath spent all its contents on hobble skirts and theater tickets, and she leadeth me up the main aisle of church for her new hat's sake.
4. Yea, though I walk more than half the night through dark rooms with a crying baby, I shall get no rest, for she is behind me, her broom stick and her hat pin they do everything else but comfort me.
5. She prepareth a cold snack for me, then maketh a bedline for an aid society supper. She amoneth my head with the rolling pin occasionally. My arms runneth over with bundles before she is half done her shopping.
6. Surely her dressmaker's and millinery bills shall follow me all the days of my life and I will dwell in the house of my wife forever.—Exchange.

MISS TYE
GIVES CANDY PARTY

Miss Bonnie Tye entertained at candy making Monday evening of this week. Her guests were: Misses Martha Albright, Anna Freeman, Margaret Boone, Dewey Meredith; Messrs. Herbert Jones, Claude Cole, Clyde Stanfill, Joe Stansbury.

Stated The Facts

The editor of an Indiana paper became tired of being called a liar so he announced that he would tell the truth in the future. The first issue thereafter contained the following:

"John Bonin, the laziest merchant in town, made a trip to Belleville yesterday."

"John Beyle, our groceryman, is doing a poor business. His store is dirty, dusty and awfully color ferous. How can he expect to do much?"

"Rev. Stax preached last Saturday night on 'charity.' The sermon was punk."

"Dave Smith died in his home in this place. The doctor gave it out as heart failure. The fact is, he was drunk, and whiskey is what killed him."

"Married—Miss Sylvia Rhodes and James Graham, last Saturday evening at the Baptist parsonage. The bride is a very ordinary town girl who doesn't know any more than a jack rabbit about cooking, and never helped her mother three days in her life. She is not a beauty by any means, and has a gait like a far duck. The groom is well known as an up-to-date loafer. He's been living off the old folks all his life and don't amount to shucks. They will have a hard life."

The paper had no sooner reached the public than a committee was sent to him bearing a petition asking him to continue in the good old way, and stated that they believed him to be a truthful and honest man.—Burlington News.

HOUSE PASSES

ALASKA R. R. BILL

Measure Providing For The Construction of 1,000 Miles of Railroad Is Out of Upper House.

Responsibility For Route Is Placed With President.

BRADLEY EXPLAINS WHY HE OPPOSED PROJECT

Kentucky Needs Railroads, And Favoritism Is Shown, Says Senator.

Washington, Jan. 21.—Just before 7 o'clock tonight the bill for a government-constructed and owned railroad in Alaska, of an estimated length of 1,000 miles, was passed in the Senate by a vote of 16 to 16. Fifteen Republicans and one Progressive, Senator Poindexter, voted for the bill. Senators Hoke Smith and Bacon, of Georgia, and John Sharp Williams were the only Democrats to vote against it.

Senator Bradley, of Kentucky, one of the sixteen Senators who voted against the bill, in a statement as to why he opposed the measure, said:

"Why should the Government show this favoritism to Alaska? Why is Alaska better than any state in the Union? I deny that it is. We need railroads very much in some of the mountain sections of Kentucky. Immensely valuable natural resources are there ready to be developed. Why should the Government build a railroad to Alaska and refuse to build a railroad in Kentucky to reach the undeveloped portion of our state? The whole affair to my mind is exceedingly ill-advised and unfortunate and I cannot divest myself of the opinion that it establishes a very dangerous precedent."

Senator Poindexter's amendment which would direct the President to open part of the coal fields of Alaska and authorize the Government to operate mines was lost by a five vote vote.

A substitute section by Senator Cummins, limiting construction or purchase to one main line, was defeated, 35 to 21.

Responsibility Of President.

The bill places upon the President responsibility for the selection of the route from tidewater to the interior of Alaska, and the construction, equipment and operation or leasing of such lines as he may construct or buy to constitute this route. The broadest powers are conferred upon the President in carrying out his duties.

The bill provides for a redemption fund into which shall be paid seventy-five percent of all monies derived from the sale of public lands in Alaska or of the coal or mineral contents thereof. Machinery utilized in the construction of the Panama Canal is made available for the construction work.

Unavailing efforts to reduce the \$10,000,000 appropriation authorized for the work were made during the closing hours of the debate. Senator Hoke Smith sought to have the appropriation reduced to \$25,000,000 and Senator Smoot to \$35,000,000.

Among other amendments defeated were the Morris amendment for Government steamship to Alaska; the Poindexter amendment for the sale of Alaska coal at cost to Pacific coast points,

and the Cummins' substitute, limiting the construction to one main line.

Bill Is Amended.

With the consent of the Territorial Committee the bill was amended before passage to require the Senate's approval of the appointment of civil engineers receiving over \$3,000 per annum; to forbid any payment for the good will of existing railways; giving injured employees the right to sue the Government and limiting the government's defenses to those provided for in the Federal employers' liability law of 1908.

A similar bill is pending in the House.

Militia in Bad Condition.

General A. L. Miles, Chief of the militia division of the War Department, gives the militia organization of the country a severe going over in his annual report just issued. He says it is top-heavy, ill-trained and inefficient.

Patriotism may be an element in persuading young men to ally themselves with the National Guard. But probably the real impelling force is in social reasons and the chances for pleasant outings while on tours of duty. When the encampments are made working affairs, with some approach to the conditions of real warfare, the incentive to become a militiaman is greatly reduced.

To get good work in any line you have to pay the price. Mechanics and business men are not going to drop their regular occupations and run off 10 to 20 pounds of flesh in exhausting hikes, merely for a few brass buttons and the lun of the annual dances. As long as no more tangible compensation is offered than the affection of Uncle Sam and the dubious frolic of 20 mile marches, the militiaman must necessarily be something of a tin soldier.

There are 10,000 applications for 400 jobs as income tax inspectors. Is it not delightful that there are so many patriots willing to make sacrifices to save their country?

It is claimed that the railroads should reduce the pay of high salaried officials, although these men have unusual difficulty in meeting the cost of living.

It is not true that John Lind remarked that the weather was pleasant the other day, as he never talks recklessly to interviewers.

Your Money With US Is Made SAFE BY

Resources OF BANK OVER \$300,000.00
Resources of Stock-holders Over \$1,000,000.00

MEMBER OF U. S. RESERVE BANK.

3% Interest on Time Deposits

The First National Bank
Barbourville, - Kentucky.

His Little Ray of Sunshine

She sighed because the children tore holes in the stockings that they wore.

At breakfast time she mourned her lot because the coffee wasn't hot. She had a headache every night.

But did she try as best she might to be cheerful? She did not.

She found her sorrow hard to bear because he was no millionaire. She chided him day after day.

For failing to draw bigger pay. When he came home in need of cheer did she, all radiant, appear?

To give him sweet assurance? Nay! She made complaints about her cook.

She always had a hopeless look. She wished for things he couldn't buy. She told him she'd be glad to die.

And thus escape the ills she had. Her say a hopeful, cheerful word: He sometimes thought he would be glad.

If she could have her wish—but why? She often scolded him because.

Some men were richer than he was. When they were asked out anywhere she never had "a thing to wear."

He never saw her smile nor heard her say a hopeful, cheerful word. But it was all his fault—so there!

That such "rays of sunshine" are to be found right here in Barbourville, there is not the slightest doubt, and lonely bachelors might take heart and feel grateful that such "rays" do not brighten the sombre shadows of their days. They might have drawn one of these in the matrimonial lottery.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH.

The time is drawing near when the members of the Christian Church will begin to secure pledges for funds to erect their house of worship. In order to assist in raising the necessary money the pastor will deliver a sermon next Sunday morning on "The Gospel of Giving." He will use these words as a text: "Honor Jehovah with thy substance, and with the first-fruits of all thine increase: so shall thy barns be filled with plenty, and thy vats shall overflow with new wine." (Prov. 3: 9, 10.) A large attendance is earnestly desired. It is hoped the entire membership may be present. Not only do we invite the members of the church, but all other persons who wish to hear the teaching of the Scriptures on the proper use of money, are cordially invited. All welcome.

Subject of the evening discourse will be "The Second Coming of Christ."

J. W. Ligon, Minister.

No, Sporting Friends, when the Mexican Federals are mentioned in the newspapers, it does not refer to any teams connected with the new baseball league.

NOTICE

FIRST MEETING OF CREDITORS—In the District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Ky.

In the matter of) In Bankruptcy
J. C. Earl,)
Debtor.) No. 250.

To the creditors of J. C. Earl, of Middleboro, in Bell county and district aforesaid, a bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that on the 20th day of January, 1914, the said J. C. Earl was duly adjudged bankrupt; and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at Middleboro, Ky., on the 30th day of January, 1914, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

This 20th day of January, 1914.
W. W. TINSLEY, Referee
In Bankruptcy

COURT NEWS

The following is a list of the Jurors drawn from the Jury Wheel to serve for the fifth week of the present term:

Sam Dickinson, A. B. Fox, W. S. Campbell, Senior Smith, J. H. Knuckles, Spencer Sexton, George Cox, Isaac Black, W. H. Edwards, Walter Hopper, Tom Hughes, Link Branson, George Owens, Jack Dixon, Gilbert Abner, Nathan Messer, Euy Mills, Floyd Cobb, Ike Moore, W. S. Green, James Gregory, (Col.) Halix Brown, Sam Pitman, Henry Eagle, L. R. Trosper, S. F. Terrill, John Asher, Martin Eagle, George W. Messer, Carter Hall, A. A. Hopkins, F. F. Rowland, James William son, Clark Warren, A. J. Hughes Riley Jones.

Ladies Aid Christian Church

The Ladies Aid Society, of the Christian Church, will give their annual "Washington Tea" on Saturday evening, February 21st 1914. The place to be announced later. A are invited to attend.

Huerta's cause does not look nearly so righteous to Europe now that he is unable to pay his coupons.

Many of the men feel that as good tobacco costs money nowadays the women should economize in their millinery.

Subscribe for the Mountain Advocate, \$1 a year.

NEW Groceries and Hardware

WE HAVE
Just Opened up a Complete Line of
BRIGHT, NEW GROCERIES
and HARDWARE

And we ask you to call and get our reasonable Price Quotations, and give us a liberal share of your patronage. Prompt attention given all orders and Quick Delivery.

BIG STORE On Cor. of River St.
& Public Square.

When you want any Nice Staple or Fancy Groceries, or Hardware, Queensware, of any kind, call 'phone No. 8, and we will do the rest. We have a regular delivery system.

Yours very truly,

Detherage Hardware & Grocery Co.

Old L. C. Miller Stand, Barbourville, Ky



SYNOPSIS.

Tommy North, returning to his room in Mrs. Moore's boarding house at 129 e. n. discovers the body of Capt. John Hankska, another roomer, with a knife wound on his breast. Suspicion rests upon a man giving the name of Lawrence Wade, who had called on Hankska in the evening and had been heard quarreling with Hankska. During the excitement a strange woman who gives her name as Rosalie Le Grange, appears and takes into her own home across the street all of Mrs. Moore's boarders, including Miss Lavinia, an invalid, who was confined to the room she occupied and whose brother was a favorite among the other boarders.

CHAPTER I—Continued.

While Rosalie Le Grange was preparing to move the invalid on the top floor, the police and the coroner straightened out affairs a little. There was much man in Tommy North. If he had played the craven in the first rush of his gruesome discovery, it was because he had wakened to that state of tense depression which comes with the sudden departure of drunkenness. He became defiant now; whereupon the police began to bully. While they were trying to make Mrs. Moore admit that she had not seen Tommy North come up the stairs, a detective sergeant put a sneering question to her—

"Well, who else could have done it? Who else has been here?"

And the flush of memory brought a little shiver from Mrs. Moore.

"Mr. Wade—the gentleman who called tonight," she cried. All at once her suspicions left the branded Mr. North. Mr. Wade had come late in the evening—and that, in the doctor's opinion, was just about the time when Captain Hankska must have died. Mr. Wade had called two or three times before, always at night. Trembling, she found his card, "Lawrence Wade, Curfew Club." In the plated tray at the hall door. Suddenly Miss Harding, who had been refusing all light on the events of the evening, gave a little shiver.

"Why, they were quarreling when I went," she cried. Then she stopped, as though fearful of her own words. The police turned on her. In a tumble of words and emotions, she told what she knew. Mr. Wade's late call, the big words, the fact that none had heard a sound from Captain Hankska's room after Wade left the house—that was enough for the coroner and the detectives. They packed Tommy North—sober, pale, but now thoroughly collected into the patrol wagon, sent the line and cry to the Curfew Club after Mr. Wade, put the house under guard, and called their day's work done.

And the rest of the Moore establishment, having first received dreadful warning concerning the fate of absconding witnesses, finished that uneasy night under the ministrations of Rosalie Le Grange at 442.

CHAPTER II.

The Chief.

Inspector Martin McGee, the middle-aged, solid, executive of the New York detectives, sat in his businesslike office, running over the reports on the Hankska murder, now less than a calendar day old but already the subject of those innumerable extras which the newspapers were shooting under his windows. Nothing in the formal documents before him served to give him any new light. Lawrence Wade—that looked like the man. Wade was missing from the Curfew Club when the police arrived, however, through the good memories of a taxi-driver and a ticket seller he had been traced to Boston and there arrested in the very act of crossing the European passage.

The formal documents in the Hankska case interested Inspector McGee less, a great deal less, than an informal verbal report made that morning by the sergeant in command of the reserves.

"We didn't know nothing about her, Chief," he said, "except that she had an order from you telling us to keep our heads off her. Forget the name—something French with a L. I hid it. It was all right, wasn't it?"

Inspector McGee understood at once, and the information brought a little thrill. He had given only two such papers in his career, and the other was held by a man. So Rosalie Le Grange had bobbed up again—Rosalie Le Grange, France, tall and chair-voyant medium, follower of a small half-criminal trade but friend of so many against larger criminals. How curiously that woman had glanced in and out of his life, and what luck she had brought!

As he bent over his desk in unaccustomed meditation, the doorman brought a card—"Miss Rosalie Le Grange"—and behind him she appeared.

"Well, well!" exclaimed Martin McGee, rising as though to some great personage, "back again! Say, you just couldn't keep out of big doings, could you? And how pretty you look—prettier and prettier all the time! What hauled you into the Hankska case?"

"I ain't in the Hankska case at all," responded Rosalie Le Grange, answering his second question first, "at least not deep, Martin McGee." She flashed upon him her dimples, snapped at him her great gray eyes.

"Nearly everybody that's lived long

enough in New York has had a murder or a burglary or something in the same block. It was bound to happen to me in time. It happened; and instead of minding my own business like the rest, I hitted straight in. When the reasons for a thing get too tangled up for you and me to follow, we stick a label on it and call it luck. But there," she checked herself, "this is just one of my platform inspirational talks like I used to give the sitters in my test sances. Only then I laid it to the sitters. Now I lay it to Rosalie Le Grange."

"Used to?" echoed Inspector McGee.

"Does that mean you've cut it out?" "Well, do these clothes and this five-dollar-a-hour massage on my poor old face look like I got 'em from sitters at two dollars a throw?" leered Rosalie Le Grange. "Say, ask me about it, please. I'm dying to tell."

"All right, I've asked," responded Martin McGee, a kind of dull fire illuminating his clean-shaven jowly police countenance.

"Now," said Rosalie Le Grange, "I'm going to astonish you, Marty McGee. I got it from Robert H. Norcross—the railroad king."

McGee's face fell. This mascot of his, this curious good fairy who had skipped in and out of his career, scattering golden successes, was a kind of an ideal. That she should "work" a doddering millionaire—as Norcross had been in his last years—was a blow to what idealism an inspector of detectives may hope still to cherish. Rosalie, skilled from youth to catch and interpret the unconsidered expression of the human countenance, read his emotion at once.

"Now, I don't mean at all what you mean, Martin McGee," she said. "Listen. It doesn't matter what I did, or how I did it—but I saved this Robert H. Norcross from makin' about the biggest kind of a fool out of himself. Do you remember," she asked suddenly, "that they probated the Norcross will secret? Nobody ever knew exactly what he did with his money, except his nephew got most of it."

"I remember," said Inspector McGee. And then, on a sudden burst of laughter, "Gee! Wouldn't the newspapers give a heap to get this story you're going to tell?"

"They would," responded Rosalie Le Grange, "and that's why you'll never breathe a word to a soul. But there! I always knew who I could trust—and you're one of 'em. The reason was a coddler or whatever you call it. He let me—in token of service and friendship," it said an old house he owned over by North River, and stocks—well six thousand a year to make one bite of it!"

"Good Lord! He did?" cried Martin McGee.

Rosalie nodded solemnly, but her eyes shone.

"Now I played that medium game on the square, you understand," she said, "again and again. I passed up chances to hook just such old dopes



"Good Lord! He Did!"

as Norcross. My rule was always straight sitting at two dollars a head, and no extras. I faked 'em, of course. But I heartened 'em up. I handed 'em good advice. I kept silly fool girls from going to the bad. I gave weepy old widows the only real recreation they ever had. An' here, right at the end, comes an honest piece of money so big that I could have played crooked all my life, an' never even got a chance at anythin' like it. An' last March I come into my money. I closed up shop an' sold my test books an' stopped this medium business, an' started to be a lady. Six thousand a year ain't too much to do that job in New York, even when you don't have to pay house rent.

"There was six months' income waiting for me when the lawyers settled everything up, an' I put that into things that I wanted all my life."

"It wasn't till last week that I looked myself over an' found I wasn't happy. To make no bones of it, bein' a real lady—which I'd wanted to be all my life—just bored me to death. Well, last week I set down and had a good long dispute with myself. 'You can't go back to the business,' says I. 'Rosalie Le Grange, you've got jest what you've always wanted, an' yet you

ain't happy. What you need is a compromise,' said I. An' next morning it come to me. Maybe the spirits sent it. You can laugh, Inspector McGee, but there's something in this spirit thing. I used to think there was, an' then again I'd think there wasn't—even in my own clairvoyance."

"Well, anyhow, it came to me like a flash—boarders! I could run my house just the way I wanted, because I needn't look out for profits. An' I could take jest who I wanted and shut out whoever I didn't want. The thought chirped me a lot. So I fixed all the bedrooms up a-seemly with good white and gold beds and adult-size towels an' gave them all little flax touches that made them homelike."

"An' I was jest ready to begin to look around an' advertise when—this happened. The idea struck me as soon as I saw the state of the people in that house. The police would put it under guard, an' the boarders would be out of a home. So I moved 'em over bodily, all but the one you pinched the sick little dago woman from ap-aitra, an' the two girls, and that funny old Professor Noll. An' I'm even putting up with the landlady—if it was other people's troubles I was lookin' for, I got 'em all right!"

"Gee!" ejaculated Martin McGee. "I can use you."

"Yes, you can," interrupted Rosalie. "But you won't. I know what you want. You want me to go to work an' help elench this case. Well, I won't. I'm here for, Martin McGee—beyond the pleasure I always took in your society—here Rosalie let her dimples play and flash—"Is to tell all I know or saw, so's you won't be callin' me at the inquest an' gettin' me a feature in the papers."

"How about this man North?" asked the inspector.

"Well, is the first place, I like him," said Rosalie. "I like that boy. Looks like an alibi for him when the landlady says he come up the stairs only a minute before he hollered, an' the doctor says that this Hankska had been dead two or three hours. Appeared to me like he was jest jarred out of a drunk, too. How about this Lawrence Wade or whatever his name was—the man who called with the bag? Got him?"

"He was arrested this morning in Boston."

"Skip his! Looks bad. But now, Inspector, just to close things up, I'm out of this case. I've given you all I know. Your police will be botherin' my boarders a lot with questions; an' so will the reporters. Just trust me to steer that. You keep me out."

Martin McGee sighed.

"All right, Rosalie; but I'd like your help. Still, I owe you lots of good turns, and the case don't look as mysterious, after all. I guess it's that fellow Wade."

"I guess probably," admitted Rosalie. "Most mysteries ain't mysteries at all after the first day. Well, now, I'm botherin' a busy man in office hours an' I must run along. Let's see—five minutes to four, an' it's bad luck to go before the hour. Suppose you tell me about yourself an' how the world's usin' you?"

Inspector McGee sat back in his office chair and waxed eloquent. However, his narrative of pulls and promotions and Tammany influence was never finished. For before the hour struck, the silent attentive doorman entered and laid on his desk a card. Inspector McGee took it up, glanced at it perfunctorily, and suddenly let out an exclamation which had all the power and verve of an oath.

"By the great cat!" he exclaimed, "look at that—Mrs. John H. Hankska!"

Rosalie took the card and fingered it.

"The widow, I bet."

"Thought he was single," remarked the inspector. "Thought, after all, I'd just been taking it for granted."

"Well," said Rosalie, rising, "that's come again—soon for me."

But the inspector was observing her with eyes which held quizzed invitation.

"Honest now," he said, "wouldn't you like to sit in on this interview?"

Rosalie flashed her dimples and contemplated him for a second. Then, with the unexpected lightness which lurked at her movements, she sat down.

"See here, Martin McGee," she said, "you ain't goin' to make a fool of me, draggin' me into this case, but I'm dying to listen just the same."

"Show them in," said the inspector on the instant, and as though fearing that she would pull back her permission.

"But not unless she's willing," said Rosalie, as they waited.

And then through the door came two women.

"Good Lord!" commented Rosalie under her breath.

CHAPTER III.

Mrs. Hankska's Story.

The first was tall and big. But her height was mainly the superb carriage of her shoulders, her size but the ripe roundness of a goddess figure. Rosalie was dark; she was young; she was beautiful. Rosalie Le Grange, connois-

seur of her sex, sat regarding her spellbound.

The second woman—in fact she was little more than a girl—was slender, blonde and fragile—her quality was elfin. Rosalie could spare her but a glance.

"I am Mrs. Hankska, widow of the man who was killed last night," said the taller woman; and she hesitated.

It was not the custom of Inspector Martin McGee to rise when women entered his office in the role of the accused, or of witnesses. A little brutality of attitude, he felt, put them in a meek and humble mood for the subsequent Third Degree proceedings. But this woman—or was it the respected presence of Rosalie Le Grange?—drew him to his feet.

"Won't you sit down?" he said.

"Thank you. May I introduce Miss Elizabeth Lane? She is here to verify what I have to say." All this with perfect simplicity. Her eyes traveled then, with a quick glance of inquiry, to Rosalie Le Grange.

"This," said the inspector, taking his cue at a quick nod from Rosalie's foot, "is Mrs. Le Grange. She is the lady who came into the house right after the accident—and took the boarders over to her place for the night. She's kept them there ever since. She was just telling me what she knew. Maybe you'd like to hear it."

"I should like very much to hear it," said Mrs. Hankska earnestly.

"But maybe you want to be alone just at first," interposed Rosalie, making a pretense of rising.

"No—there is nothing secret," replied Mrs. Hankska. "I see no reason why you should not stay. Indeed, you may be able to help us."

Now Martin McGee summoned the police stenographer and ordered him to stay within call. Gone from him was the heavy humor of his half-hour with Rosalie. He was the Chief—suspicious and brutal.

"I must warn you," he said, "that if you are implicated in this case, anything you say will be used against you at the trial." Generally that sudden statement made women tremble, drew from them a flood of words out of which McGee picked the stotam and the jetsam of evidence. But Mrs. Hankska did not give the preliminary frightened start. She only transferred her limpid level gaze from Rosalie's face to Inspector McGee's.

"It would be impossible to implicate me," dozens of people can testify that I was in Arden, a hundred miles north, last night—that I have not left Arden for more than a month. Perhaps," she continued, checking an unformed sentence on the lips of Inspector McGee, "I had better start at the beginning and tell you all about it."

She was talking "fine," Inspector McGee reflected. Having got her started, his best course was to mollify her until she began to run down. "That's always best," he said. Quite simply Mrs. Hankska began her talk.

"I married Captain Hankska ten years ago—when I was nineteen. He was nearly thirty-five then, although he said that he was younger; and he had just come back from Alaska. He said that he got his title in the Bolivian army. I have since had reason to doubt that. He was an engineer by profession. I realize now how little mother and I knew about him. But he was the kind of person who carried everything before him—you deferred to him in those days in spite of your better judgment. And my mother was very trusting. Then, too, Captain Hankska was a very charming man. Afterward I found out how he lived. That, for me, was the beginning of

trouble. Out of his Sphere of Influence. Father Farrell was addressing a little group of boys at the mission one night, and it wasn't long before all but one of them had been moved to tears. The good priest watched this boy closely, but he remained perfectly possessed. Finally, pointing a finger at the lad, he called out, 'Why aren't you crying?' 'Oh,' says the boy, 'I don't belong to this parish.' Judge."

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TELLS PRESENCE OF POISON

Pharmacologist of Southern University Reports Invention of Valuable Appliance.

By means of an appliance devised by Prof. W. W. Abel, head of the department of pharmacology of the Johns Hopkins university, it has been made possible, it is claimed, to determine whether persons thought to be suffering from the effects of poisons are really under the influence of drugs, and to be able to discover almost immediately the poison they have taken.

The contrivance consists of a series of coils and tubes which are submerged in a saline solution and its action is said to be the same as that of the kidney.

In making the test for poison it is necessary to have the blood stream flow through the tubes. This is done by connecting the tubes with the jugular vein and the carotid artery.

The blood passes through the tubes, which are then immersed in a pan containing a warm solution. By means of a porous substance connecting the glass tubes the foreign and poisonous



HIS FIRST YEAR AT FARMING IN SASKATCHEWAN

Win Premiums and Prizes in Competition With the World.

There are thousands of young men filling positions in stores and offices, and in professional occupations throughout the United States, who in their earlier life, worked on the farm. The allurements of city life were attractive, until they faced the stern reality. These people would have done better had they remained on the farm. Many of them, convinced of this, are now getting "back to the land," and in the experience, no better place offers nor better opportunity afforded, than that existing in Western Canada. Many of them have taken advantage of it, and there are to be found today, hundreds of such, farming in the Provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta. The conditions that surround farming operations today are so much superior to those in existence during their early farming days, that there is an attraction about it. Improved machinery, level and open plains, no rocks to shun, no trees to cut down, but wide stretches with mile-long furrows, elevators to handle the grain, railways to carry it to market, and bring almost to their doors the things necessary to operate. Splendid grazing areas, excellent opportunities for raising cattle. These things are all so different from what they once were that there is reason to speak of the attractions. R. H. Crossman of Kindersley, Saskatchewan, the man who won such splendid prizes at the International Dry Farming Congress held at Tulsa, Oklahoma, last fall, grew the prize grains during his first year farming. Up to 1913 he was an engineer and the only knowledge he had of farming was that obtained when he was a boy. That was very useful; in fact it was valuable to him. He had not forgotten it. Thousands with a little experience as he had can do well by taking up one of the 160-acre grants offered by the Canadian government. —Advertisement.

How a woman's heart does flutter when the pastor tells her that he mislaid seeing her at church!

Constipation causes and aggravates many serious diseases. It is thoroughly cured by Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. The favorite family laxative. Adv.

Sanity of Hamlet. Shakespear was asked if Hamlet was sane.

"No New York jury would convict him," he answered confidently.

Advantage of Education. "If a man is naturally bad, do you think that education would make him better?"

"Maybe not; but it would help to keep him out of jail."

Living Up to Theory. "He never spanks his son, does he?" "No, he's an efficiency crank."

"What's that got to do with it?" "He says the upward stroke is lost motion."—Houston Post.

English Exclusiveness. The Englishman, as everyone knows, is inclined to be individual and independent. If not exclusive. He is bappy with his family in his country mansion, where a high hedge insures seclusion, and permits only the chimneys of his house to be seen from the road. He does not crave excitement and conviviality. He prefers the quiet and peace of the semi-rural suburb to the whirl of the city. He does not like to be within too easy access of the unaltruist. The automobile and the train and trolley cars are quite speedy enough. With his family about him, and the city and its business cares at a safe distance, the Englishman is happy.—Suburban Life.

FRIENDLY TIP. Restored Hope and Confidence.

After several years of indigestion and its attendant evil influence on the mind, it is not very surprising that one finally loses faith in things generally.

A N. Y. woman writes an interesting letter. She says:

"Three years ago I suffered from an attack of peritonitis which left me in a most miserable condition. For over two years I suffered from nervousness, weak heart, shortness of breath, could not sleep, etc.

"My appetite was ravenous but I felt starved all the time. I had plenty of food but it did not nourish me because of intestinal indigestion. Medical treatment did not seem to help. I got discouraged, stopped medicine and did not care much whether I lived or died."

"One day a friend asked me why I didn't try Grape-Nuts food, stop drinking coffee and use Postum. I had lost faith in everything, but to please my friend I began to use both and soon became very fond of them."

"It wasn't long before I got some strength, felt a decided change in my system, hope sprang up in my heart and slowly but surely I got better. I could sleep very well, the constant craving for food ceased and I have better health now than before the attack of peritonitis."

"My husband and I are still using Grape-Nuts and Postum."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

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L. & N. Time Table

NORTH BOUND	
No. 22 Daily, due.....	10:09 a m
No. 12 Daily except Sunday.....	1:52 p m
No. 24 Daily, due.....	11:44 p m
SOUTH BOUND	
No. 23 Daily, due.....	3:58 p m
No. 11 Daily, except Sunday.....	6:43 a m
No. 21 Daily, due.....	3:45 a m

Street car leaves Hotel Jones twenty minutes before schedule time for trains

Cumberland R. R. Company.
TIME TABLE

South Bound.	
DAILY	
No. 3, Lve. Artemus	10:25 a m.
No. 5, Lve. Artemus	4:15 p m.
No. 35, Lve. " Sundays	7:30 a m.
No. 37, Lve. " Sundays	4:15 p m.
North Bound.	
No. 4, Arr. Artemus	1:20 p m.
No. 6, Arr. Artemus	6:35 p m.
No. 36, Arr. " Sunday	9:40 a m.
No. 38, Arr. " Sunday	6:30 p m.
W. B. STARKE, Gen. Pass. Agt	
T. H. HAYDEN, Gen. Mgr.	

PERSONAL

Our editor is still slightly indisposed.

Wm Carty, of Jarvis' Store, was in town on business Monday.

H. C. Mills, of DeWitt, was in town on business Monday.

Mrs William Jones and Miss Daisy Skinner left for St Petersburg, Fla., the first of this week.

Mr W R Marsee, of Artemus, is in town attending court this week.

Mr F P Owens, of Grays, was in town on business a few hours the first of this week.

W G Martin, of Warren, was in town on business today, (Thursday)

Sheriff Lewis was in Frankfort on business this week.

H. H. Owens was in Frankfort this week on business.

Mr. C. R. Luttrell, of Warren, was in town on business this week.

M. A. Gray, of Corlin, was in town to attend court a few days of this week.

Mrs. Belle Keesley, of Pike County, is in our city visiting homefolks this week.

The new commissary of the Barbourville Brick & Tile Company is rapidly nearing completion.

Mrs. G. D. Pease, of Williamsburg, is visiting in barbourville this week, the guest of Mrs. M. Freeman.

Mr. W. S. Hudson has recently purchased the residence property of Prof. P. L. Ports, on Knox Street.

Mrs. W. E. Johnstone, of Rim, visited her son, Beanie, who is attending Union College, Monday and Tuesday of this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Sawyer A. Smith are away for a few days visit to friends in Franklin and Covington this week.

Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Jones, of Pineville, came down Saturday for a few days visit to Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Robison.

Prof. H. B. Gilbert, Chaplain of the J. D. Powell Literary Society, preached a very interesting sermon to a small congregation in the mining camp last Sunday night.

Mr. C. S. Neil, of the North Jellico Coal Company, was in town this week in the interest of the Company in a few cases in which they are defendants.

Mr. Alex Frost, Superintendent of the North Jellico Coal Company, is in town in the interest of his Company this week.

Mr. O. B. Reader, formerly of this city, now a resident of Middlesboro, was in town between trains today, (Thursday.)

Rev. E. R. Overly was in Covington attending the funeral of Bishop Walden Monday of this week.

No Substitutes

RETURN to the grocer all substitutes sent you for Royal Baking Powder. There is no substitute for ROYAL. Royal is a pure, cream of tartar baking powder, and healthful. Powders offered as substitutes are made from alum.

Mr. I. H. Hopper, of Bryants Store, was in town on business today, (Thursday,) and paid the Advocate office a pleasant call.

Henry Bennett, who is attending Baptist Institute, called on his best girl Wednesday night over on the Avenue; he says it pays to be sporty now-a-days.

Mr and Mrs W J Ballard, of Corlin, were visiting in our city last week, the guests of Mr and Mrs I H Ballard, Faulkner Edition.

LOCALS

MRS. DAVIDSON
GIVES LUNCHEON

Mrs S T Davidson was hostess Tuesday afternoon at a charming luncheon in honor of Mrs O C McClung. The decorations of the luncheon table were in pink carnations and lace fern.

Covers were laid for: Mesdames O C McClung, James R Tuggle, George Tye, J A McDermott, Pete Kennedy, J Frank Hawn, Hiram Owens, Flem D Sampson, S T Steele, James Miller, Charles Rathfon, W R Keesling, Walter Warner, Carrie Dickenson, Miss Lucy Tinsley.

METHODIST CHURCH.

The regular services will be held at the First M. E. Church next Sunday morning and evening. Subject of morning sermon "Religious Dependancy," evening subject "Satan The Adversary Of The Soul."

The Official Board will meet in the Sunday School room of the Church Sunday afternoon at two-thirty.

All are cordially invited to attend these services.

E. R. Overly, Pastor.

NEW TELEPHONE LINE.

A number of citizens, of the down the river section of the county, have organized themselves into a stock company and built themselves a private telephone line which connects with the Barbourville Exchange and also the Williamsburg Exchange. This is a much needed improvement in this section of the county, as this is one of the richest farming sections in this part of the state, being in the rich and fertile valley of the Cumberland River. For many years the residents of this particular section have felt the need of a telephone system, but owing to the fact that it was strictly a farming community, the telephone companies could not see their way clear to build a telephone line for them and as a last resort, and in keeping with the spirit of progress which the people of this section have always shown, they organized a company among themselves and have now finished the building of their line, which gives them direct connection with Barbourville and Williamsburg.

The company was organized under the name of the Cumberland River Telephone Company and its capital stock is one thousand dollars, practically all of which has been sold and paid for. The telephones were installed this week and they now have telephone connection with Barbourville.

A house in Aurora, Illinois, collapsed while a tango dance was in progress. If the participants should ever want to go on the stage they could truthfully boast that they "brought down the house at Aurora."

STOP THE
LIQUOR TRAFFIC

Representative Members of The Protestant Churches of Barbourville Petition General Assembly.

Barbourville, Ky., Jan. 25, 1911.

Hon. Joseph Bosworth, Hon. J. C. Lay,

Frankfort, Ky. Gentlemen:

At a meeting this day had in Barbourville, Ky., by representative members of the different protestant church denominations of the city, the undersigned were made a committee to definitely express to you their confidence in your good faith purpose to devote your aid towards all legislation looking to the best interests and welfare of the Commonwealth and every section thereof; to make known to you their unqualified condemnation of the traffic and use of intoxicating liquors as a beverage, and their disapproval of laws which undertake to legalize such traffic.

They keenly feel that which is well known to all, the incalculable damage which the use of intoxicating liquors has already done to Church, to the State, to the Nation and to civilization, and they tremble before the immense possibilities for ruin of which it is capable, all making plain that the only remedy for the eradication of the evils of this age-long curse lies in its inhibition by positive and unambiguous law to be rigidly enforced by a fearless, capable and conscientious judiciary. They respectfully petition you, as their Senator and Representative, respectively, in the General Assembly now in session to introduce in each of your honorable bodies and urge its enactment into law, such legislation as will cure all defects in existing statute, and as will enable the courts to easily and effectively enforce the same to the end that this age and time may bravely meet the demand that is upon them to save society from a repetition of the ruin and wreck which strong drink has wrought in the past, and is capable of doing still.

And finally, to urge that you devote your united efforts to secure the passage of an act submitting to the people of Kentucky the adoption of an amendment to the State Constitution prohibiting the manufacture, sale and transportation of alcoholic liquors for beverage purposes in Kentucky, if such amendment to the organic law is deemed necessary to authorize the enactment of a law to expel such liquors from the land.

Very respectfully,

James D. Black, J. M. Robison, W. C. Faulkner, W. H. Green, Robt. W. Cole, Committee.

Most of the Congressmen listened to the President's Message instead of chasing around to the departments to get jobs for their constituents as they should have been doing.

Happy Marriages

Are the results of knowing the laws of health and nature. All the knowledge a young man or woman, wife or daughter should have, is contained in the People's Medical Adviser, by R. V. Pierce, M. D. This big Home Doctor Book containing 1008 pages with engravings and colored plates, and bound in cloth, (nearly 700,000 copies formerly sold for \$1.50 each), is sent Free to any one sending 31 one cent stamps to prepay cost of wrapping and postage. There are no conditions to this offer and the reader must not associate this book with the advertising pamphlets prepared by quacks throughout the country. Address, 662 Washington St., Buffalo, N. Y.

HON. CALEB POWERS

Congressman From The Eleventh District, Advises All Fourth Class Postmasters to Take The Approaching Examination.

I advise all fourth class postmasters in the Eleventh District and other friends who would like to hold such positions to take the approaching civil service examinations.

The Postmaster General has taken the position that he will enforce not only in its letter but also in its spirit the civil service laws relating to his department and that he will appoint the applicant receiving the highest average in the examinations referred to, whatever may be his political affiliation.

The country will applaud this position of the Postmaster General, as it will not only highly improve the service but in the long run will be far better than the old system for both the dominant political parties.

Caleb Powers.

HIRAM MORRIS DEAD.

Uncle Hiram Morris, one of the grand old men of our county, died at his home on Knox Fork, on Tuesday of this week. Mr. Morris was a native of the state of Virginia, and came to Kentucky many years ago. Since the time when he first came to Knox County he has been one of our most respected and honored citizens. He was sixty one years of age, and surviving him are his wife and seven children. Five of these children are men who are respected citizens of the county, and one of his daughters is the wife of Hon. William R. Lay, one of the most prominent attorneys at the local bar and former County Attorney for Knox County for eight years. The other daughter is Miss Emma Morris who is one of the best known young ladies of the county.

The Advocate extends to the bereaved family its sincerest sympathy in their irreparable loss.

FLAT LICK.

Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Mason and little daughter have returned to their home in Swain, Ark., after an enjoyable visit to their father, Mr. John Hunter, and other relatives.

Miss Gertrude Coone is in Louisville this week.

Miss Margaret Bargo is returning for school today.

Mr T J Shisher's little daughter, Thelma, is very sick now.

Mr Lawson, a Middlesboro salesman, was here calling on Mr Clark Mills to sell him his spring line of dry goods.

Mrs Todd has gone to Richmond.

When in Middlesboro, Stop at the Mountain View Hotel

This is a Mountain man's home. Come give us a trial. H. A. CAMPBELL, Prop.

Although President Wilson talks to the reporters freely, they don't seem satisfied with his interesting exposition of the Aeneid of Virgil.

Are Your Hands Tied?

by a chronic disease common to woman-kind? You feel dull-headed? Back-ache, pains here and there-dizziness or perhaps hot flashes? There's nothing you can accomplish-nothing you can enjoy! There's no good reason for it-because you can find permanent relief in

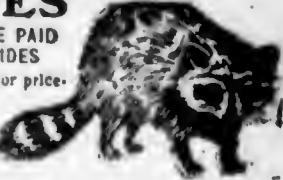
DR. PIERCE'S
Favorite Prescription

Mrs. Fannie H. Brent, of Bryant, Nelson Co., Va., writes: "I believe I had every pain and ache a woman could have, my back was weak, and I suffered with nervousness and could not sleep at night. Suffered with soreness in my right hip, and every month would have spells and have to stay in bed. I have taken eight bottles of your 'Favorite Prescription' and one vial of your 'Pleasant Pellets'. Can now do my work for six in family, and feel like a new woman. I think it is the best medicine in the world for women. I recommend it to all my friends and many of them have been greatly benefited by it."

DR. PIERCE'S PLEASANT PELLETS
Relieve Liver Ills

FURS AND HIDES
HIGHEST MARKET PRICE PAID
FOR RAW FURS AND HIDES

Wool on Commission. Write for price list mentioning this ad.
Established 1887
JOHN WHITE & CO., LOUISVILLE, KY.



FREE TO EVERY KENTUCKIAN
All Pictures of Kentucky's Governors
From the foundation of the State to the present time - The only complete collection in existence

This is a very valuable collection of the portraits of the Governors of the State of Kentucky, from the first Governor, Daniel Boone, to the present Governor, William R. Taylor. The collection is complete, and is a valuable addition to any library. It is now being sold at a very low price, and is a great opportunity for anyone who wants to own a complete set of the portraits of the Governors of the State of Kentucky.

Please understand, these are by mail only, and not through carrier or agent.

OUR SPECIAL COMBINATION OFFER:

Daily Evening Post, one year	\$3.00
Kentucky Governor's Wall Chart	\$1.50
The Mountain Advocate	\$1.00
All Three Now at	\$5.50

Worn Out?

No doubt you are, if you suffer from any of the numerous ailments to which women are subject. Headache, back-ache, sideache, nervousness, weak, tired feeling, are some of the symptoms, and you must rid yourself of them in order to feel well. Thousands of women, who have been benefited by this remedy, urge you to

TAKE

Cardui

The Woman's Tonic

Mrs. Sylvia Woods, of Clinton Mills, Ky., says: "Before taking Cardui, I was, at times, so weak I could hardly walk, and the pain in my back and head nearly killed me. After taking three bottles of Cardui, the pains disappeared. Now I feel as well as ever. Every suffering woman should try Cardui." Get a bottle today. E-68

NOTICE.

SALESMAN WANTED to look after our interest in Knox and adjacent counties. Salary or Commission. Address, LINCOLN OIL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

Subscribe for the Mountain Advocate, \$1 a year.

FOR SALE.

I have a few Golden Buff Orpington Chickens for sale. Call at Mrs. Wm. Burnside, River Street, Barbourville, Ky.

The dance censors seem to behave very well while the young people show them how to tango.

JAPAN POWER BEHIND HUERTA

PRESIDENT TO ISSUE ORDERS
RAISING EMBARGO ON SUP-
PLIES FOR REBELS.

EMPEROR SUPPLIES
SINEWS OF WAR

Magdalena Bay Station May Be Price
Demanded For Keeping Mexicans
Equipped With Arms.

Western Newspaper Union News Service.
Washington. What was character-
ized by a senator who attended the
white house conference as the "haunt-
ing activity of Japan in Mexico" formed
the most serious subject for discus-
sion between the president and the
members of the foreign relations com-
mittee. The mystery that surrounded
the conference was somewhat dis-
sipated, but senators were exceedingly
guarded in their references to Japan,
evidently believing that a situation
has been created that must be dealt
with gingerly, but as they hope, firmly,
by the administration. Disclosures
that have recently been made to the
administration concerning the activi-
ties of Japan in Mexico are of such a
character that they can not be ig-
nored. There is no ground for believ-
ing the situation to be alarming, but
senators who attended the conference
are convinced the day is at hand when
a decisive step must be taken to show
the world, and Japan especially, that
the United States is determined by the
use of any other power, intends to be
the dominant factor in settling the dis-
turbances in Mexico.

Both Moral and Material Aid

That Japan has extended both her
moral and material support to Huerta
has been conclusively proved, it is
said. For some time this government
has been endeavoring to ascertain
where Huerta obtained his military
supplies. That he is well equipped
with arms and ammunition the adminis-
tration has known. It was supposed
he has been purchasing them in Eu-
rope, but where he obtained the
money has been an unsolved mystery.

It now is stated that those sinews
of war have been supplied, not by
Japanese firms willing to take the risk
of incurring payment, but by the Jap-
anese government itself. Advances to
this effect, the accuracy of which is
not to be disputed have been received
in Washington.

Those guns consist of the best of
equipment of the Japanese troops in
the war with Russia, new out of date
but ample for the use of the Mexican
federal army.

It is with these arms that the latest
levies of Mexican troops have been
equipped, and through their use Huerta
expects to wrest victory when the
conflict comes between his troops and
the Constitutionalists, now preparing
their plans for their march southward.

Why Wilson Reversed Himself.

This is the information, it is be-
lieved, that has caused the president
to reverse himself in the matter of
raising the embargo against munitions
of war for the Constitutionalists from
this country. In no other way can
the Constitutionalists hope to compete
against the superior armament of
Huerta's troops.

"Everybody knows that Huerta is
bankrupt, that the Mexican govern-
ment has defaulted on the interest on
its national debt, and that until re-
cently it was impossible for Huerta to
pay his army. The Japanese people
are too good traders to give value for
nothing, and it is not improbable to
suppose that a consideration of which
we now know nothing may be at the
bottom of this transaction."

Says United States Should Act.

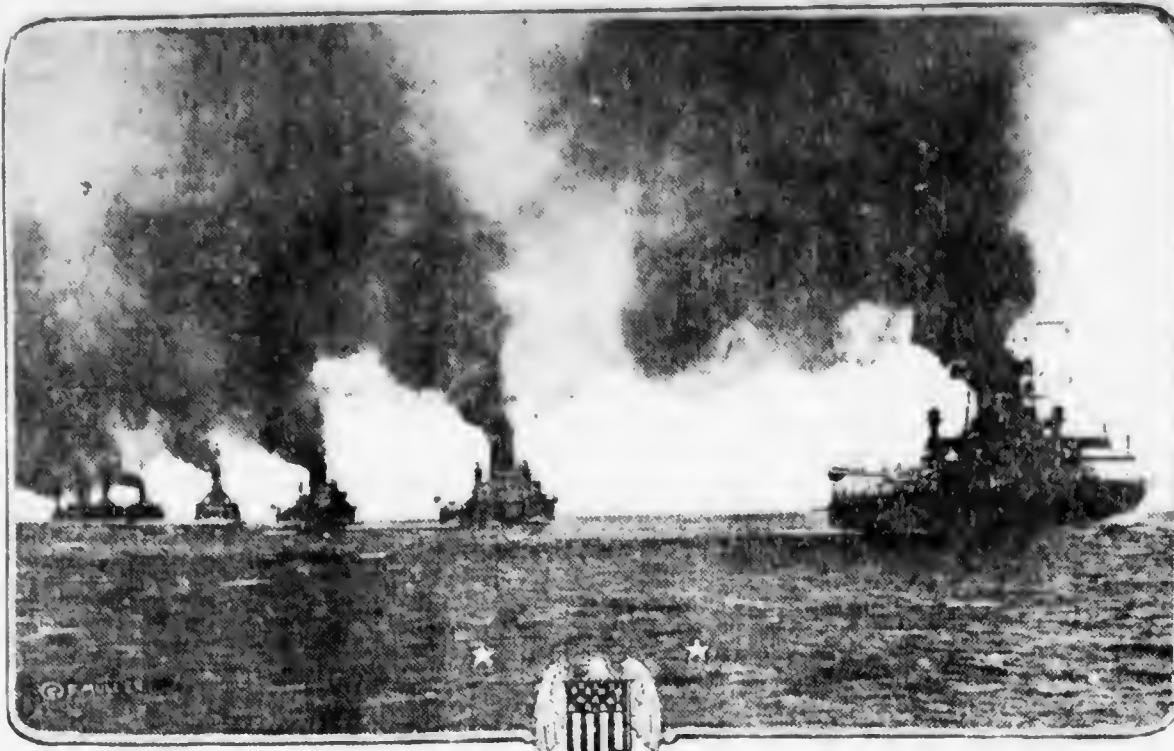
"Why," asked this Senator, "may
not Japan demand a concession for a
naval base in Magdalena Bay in re-
turn for its very material aid to the
Huerta government? If Huerta,
whether as a falling ruler or as one
who sustains himself in power through
the aid of Japan, grants such a con-
cession the United States must protest
against it as it did before. More
than that, the United States must pre-
vent that concession, or any other
move of Huerta that would endanger
the peace and safety of the United
States."

"Is it going too far to ask ourselves
whether Japan, in her present activi-
ty in Mexico, is not deliberately seek-
ing to create a situation that will
bring the relations between that gov-
ernment and the United States near to
the breaking point? The situation in
Mexico, with Japan intermeddling, is
full of possibilities, and may well
cause the president and the country
serious concern."

With frankness the president is
said to have discussed another phase
of Japanese activity, that senators say
looks as if it might be a part of a pre-
pared plan. Recently there arrived
on the west coast of Mexico the bat-
tleship Ilduma.

It is customary for officers of ships
visiting foreign countries to pay a
visit of ceremony to the officials of
the country visited. To the amaze-
ment of the administration, however,
it was learned that coincident with
the arrival of the Ilduma preparations
have been made for a five days' festi-
val in Mexico City in honor of the offi-
cers of this ship.

OUR POWERFUL NORTH ATLANTIC FLEET



This is considered to be the most powerful battleship fleet in the world. Recently it returned from the Mediterranean, and left Hampton Roads for the south. During the last battle practice each of the vessels made a record for herself, while the flagship Wyoming broke the world's record at target practice. The photograph shows the nine ships in the order in which they usually sail. The Wyoming is in the lead at the right, and is followed by the Florida, Utah, Delaware, North Dakota, South Carolina, Rhode Island, Georgia and New Jersey.

VOTE ON MINE QUIZ

HOUSE WILL INVESTIGATE COLO-
RADO AND MICHIGAN STRIKE.

Authorities Discover Infernal Ma-
chine in Suitcase Near Plant of
Calumet District Shaft.

Washington, Jan. 24.—Congressional
investigation of the strikes in the Colo-
rado coal mine and the Michigan cop-
per mine holds was agreed upon at a
caucus of the house Democrats by a
vote of 119 to 17 Thursday. The in-
vestigation will be conducted by the
house committee on mines and mining,
of which Representative Foster of
Illinois is chairman.

Representative Keating of Colorado,
who with Representative McDonald of
Michigan led the fight for the inquiry,
and after the caucus he expected
hearings would be in progress at Den-
ver and Pueblo, and possibly Trinidad,
within a fortnight. The resolution to
authorize the investigation will be
brought to action in the house.

Trinidad, Colo., Jan. 24.—State en-
voys with drawn sabers charged a
crowd of strikers, detouring an at-
tempt to march to San Rafael hospi-
tal, where "Mother" Mary Jones is no-
der military arrest.

Houghton, Jan. 24.—A suitcase found
by a detective near the power plant of
the Abnuck mine in Keweenaw coun-
ty contained an infernal machine, ac-
cording to reports received here. At-
tached to one end of a small bomb,
according to the report, was a can
partly filled with nitroglycerin. On
the other end was fastened an alarm
clock and dry battery connected by
wires with the can.

FIVE KILLED, 20 INJURED

Michigan Central Train Collides With
Freight Train Just Out of
Jackson, Mich.

Jackson, Mich., Jan. 27.—The last of
the twenty injured persons were re-
moved from the wreckage of the
Michigan Central train which collided
with a freight train three miles out-
side of Jackson, early Monday. The
death list of five persons, it was be-
lieved, would be increased by the
deaths of several of the injured. The
collision apparently resulted from a
misunderstanding of orders. It was
said the freight train was supposed
to take a siding to allow the passen-
ger to pass. The wreck occurred a
quarter of a mile beyond the switch.
Every passenger in the first coach, the
smoking car, was either killed or
wounded. The only body identified at
dawn Monday morning was that of
Engineer Cal Johnson of the passen-
ger train.

GIVE \$305,000,000 FOR MAILES

Congressmen Pass Record Postoffice
Appropriation and Aid
Employees.

Washington, Jan. 27.—The postof-
ice appropriation bill, carrying a re-
cord breaking total of \$305,000,000,
was passed by the house on Saturday. It
included an amendment which extends
to postoffice clerks, letter carriers,
rural free delivery carriers, mounted
letter carriers and postoffice messen-
gers full salary for one year for in-
juries received on duty half salary for
another year if necessary and \$2,000
in case of death.

Fear for Lafayette Young.

Los Angeles, Jan. 27.—The condi-
tion of Lafayette Young, former United
States senator, was announced as
serious by his physicians. He is ill
with pneumonia. Publisher of the
Capital.

Fullam to Rule Annapolis.

Washington, Jan. 27.—Capt. W. F.
Fullam, Secretary Daniels' aid for per-
sonnel, will become superintendent of
the naval academy at Annapolis, in
place of Capt. J. H. Gibbons, who will
command the battleship Louisiana.

ALASKA BILL WINS

MEASURE THAT GIVES PRESI-
DENT POWER TO BUILD ROAD
WINS IN SENATE.

TO USE PANAMA MACHINERY

Wilson Is Given Broad Power—Can
Construct or Buy \$40,000,000 Rail-
way—Sale of Lands to Provide
Necessary Funds.

Washington, Jan. 27.—The senate
on Saturday passed the Alaska rail-
way bill directing the president to
purchase or construct 1,000 miles of
railroad in Alaska at a cost not ex-
ceeding \$40,000,000. The house has a
similar bill pending. The vote was
65 to 16.

Fifteen Republicans and Senator
Pendergast, Progressive, voted for the
bill. Senator Bacon, Hoke Smith and
Williams, Democrats, voted against it.

The bill places upon the president
responsibility for the selection of the
route from the water to the interior of
Alaska and the construction, equip-
ment and operation or leasing of such
lines as he may construct or buy to
constitute this route. The broadest
powers are conferred upon the presi-
dent in carrying out his duties.

The bill provides for a redemption
fund into which shall be paid 75 per-
cent of all moneys derived from the
sale of public lands in Alaska, or of
the coal or mineral contents thereof.
Machinery utilized in the construction
of the Panama canal is made available
for the construction work.

Unavailing efforts to reduce the \$10,
000,000 appropriation authorized for
the work were made during the clos-
ing hours of the debate. Senator Hoke
Smith sought to have the appropria-
tion reduced to \$25,000,000 and Sen-
ator Smoot to \$35,000,000.

With the consent of the territorial
committee the bill was amended be-
fore passage to require the senate's
approval of the appointment of civil
engineers receiving over \$2,000 per
annum, to forbid any payment for the
good will of existing railroads, giving
injured employees the right to sue the
government and limiting the govern-
ment's defenses to those provided for
in the federal employers' liability law
of 1908.

"This is the greatest encourage-
ment the west has received in many
years," said Secretary Lane in com-
menting on the passage of the bill.

GOETHALS TO HEAD POLICE

Place Offered to Canal Engineer, Says
Mayor Mitchell of New
York.

New York, Jan. 26.—Mayor Mitchell
made a statement on Friday indicat-
ing that Col. George W. Goethals,
chief engineer of the Panama canal,
is to be the next police commissioner
of New York City.

"From the beginning," said the may-
or, "I have wanted Colonel Goethals
to head the police department. Re-
cently George W. Perkins urged him
to accept the place. I am to have a
personal interview with Mr. Perkins."

Welsh Outpoints Fisher.

Cincinnati, Jan. 27.—Freddie Welsh,
champion lightweight of England, won
a newspaper decision over Earl Fisher
of this city here after ten rounds of
fast boxing.

Aviator Temple Is Killed.

London, Jan. 27.—George Lee Tem-
ple, the first aviator to fly upside down
in this country, was killed when his
aeroplane plunged to the earth at the
Hendon aerodrome. Temple was
twenty-two years old.

Noted Astronomer Is Dead.

London, Jan. 27.—Sir David Gill,
the well-known Scotch astronomer,
died here on Saturday. In his seventy-
first year. Sir David was one of the
most widely known scientists of the
world.

BANDIT ROBBS A TRAIN

ROBBER TERRORIZES PASSEN-
GERS ON MICHIGAN CENTRAL.

Compels Pullman Porter to Assist
Him in Gathering Cash From
Occupants of Berths.

Chicago, Jan. 26.—Thrilling stories
of how a lone bandit—a slender, nerv-
ous young fellow with a big revolver—
held up Michigan Central passenger
train No. 7, west-bound, at 1:15 a. m.
on Friday, near Jackson, Mich., rob-
bing and terrifying passengers in one
Pullman sleeper, among them several
Chicagoans, were told in Chicago
when the train arrived.

The uniqueness of the robber's
methods—some of the members of the
train crew thought them comic—con-
tributed largely to his success, both
in the hold-up and in his escape. Al-
though he aroused six drowsy passen-
gers with the aid of a cowed porter,
he succeeded in getting less than \$300
in money. He shunned jewelry.

At the same time, the bandit forced
the Pullman porters into the limelight
one in a serio-comic role and the
other in the heroic garb. It was
"Louis" Thoms' coolness and pre-
cision that prevented further opera-
tions of the robber and caused him
to leap from the train near Farm-
ington, Mich., while it was slowing down.

In the country about Parma and in
the city of Jackson the bandit is be-
ing hunted, according to press dis-
patches, by Sheriff J. F. Greble and a
well-armed posse. They say the fugi-
tive cannot escape. The Michigan au-
thorities believe the man returned to
Jackson after escaping from the train.
Three other men who are reported to
have left the train when the robber
jumped off are believed to be tramps
stealing a ride.

IMPORTANT NEWS ITEMS

Boston, Jan. 27.—Howard Elliott,
chairman of the New York, New Ha-
ven & Hartford Railroad company,
resigned as chairman and as a mem-
ber of the board of directors of the
Boston & Maine railroad on Sat-
urday. Mr. Elliott submitted the resig-
nation at a meeting of the Boston &
Maine directors.

Home, Ga., Jan. 26.—Endowment by
Mrs. Woodrow Wilson of the Edward
W. Axson scholarship in the Martha
Berry school for mountain girls here
was announced on the occasion of the
celebration of that institution's
twelfth anniversary.

WOLGAST BEATS JOE RIVERS

Little Dutchman From Cadillac Given
Decision Over Mexican in
Milwaukee.

Milwaukee, Jan. 26.—Ad Wolgast is
the Michigan wildcat of old. The ter-
rible little Dutchman from Cadillac
came back with a vengeance in the
windup at the Hippodrome, outlighting
the marvel, Joe Rivers of California,
through ten of the wickedest rounds
imaginable. Wolgast seldom, if ever,
displayed any more savagery than he
did on Friday. He fought like a mad
man all through a desperate half hour,
only stopping occasionally for breath-
ing spells.

Rail Superintendent Dead.

Chicago, Jan. 27.—Byron E. Merwin,
general superintendent of the Aurora,
Elgin & Chicago Railroad company,
died at his home in Wheaton. He was
fifty-one years old. Mr. Merwin was
operated upon for cancer.

Carnegie Buys Organ for Church.
Spencer, N. C., Jan. 27.—The pastor
of the Lutheran church here an-
nounced that Carnegie gave \$1,200 to
buy a pipe organ. This is the only
gift made by Mr. Carnegie to any
church in the state.

FLEES FROM CAPITAL

DETACHMENTS OF MARINES LAND
TO QUELL BATTLE IN THE
DISTURBED CITY.

The President of Haiti, Michel Oreste,
Took Refuge Aboard German
Cruiser Vineta.

Western Newspaper Union News Service.
Port au Prince, Haiti.—The presi-
dent of Haiti, Michel Oreste, fled from
the capital and took refuge aboard the
German cruiser Vineta. He was ac-
companied by his wife. Fighting be-
gan in the city. Soon afterward the
president left the palace under escort
and was conveyed in a launch to the
warship lying in the harbor. Almost
immediately detachments of bluejackets
were landed from the United
States armored cruiser Montana and
the Vineta. Firing continued, and it
was evident that the revolutionary
movement which began in the north
and spread to some of the southern
towns had gained sufficient strength
in the capital to threaten not only the
power but the life of President Oreste.

It was the intention of Oreste to
adjourn several days ago, but later he
declined to do so, hoping with the aid
of congress to prevent the overthrow
of his administration. Congress has
failed to do anything. The arrival of
the Montana and Vineta has relieved
the situation here so far as foreign
residents are concerned. The legations
are now under guard.

The Haitian rebels repulsed an at-
tempt by government troops under the
command of M. Pradel, minister of the
interior, to land at St. Marc, 44 miles
to the northwest of the capital. The
government troops, who had proceeded
on board the dispatch boat Nord
Alois, at once returned to this city.

INHUMAN YOUTH

Who Confesses He Planted Bombs in
Tenements For "Black Handers."

New York.—Alfred Lehman, an un-
der-sized youth scarcely out of his
teens, sat in the witness chair and
confessed to having partaken in 15
bomb outrages, revealed knowledge of
80, cleared up the mystery of two mur-
ders and furnished information con-
cerning a number of lesser crimes, in-
cluding arson and burglary. Lehman
was called as a witness in the trial of
Angelo Sylvester, accused of one of
the bomb outrages. Lehman told the
court of the burning of two Brooklyn
houses for the insurance, and many
other lesser crimes. He said the bomb
outrages usually brought the men do-
ing the work \$50.

RAT POISON KILLS THREE.

Haleyville, Ala.—Three small chil-
dren of Mr. and Mrs. Perry Rowland
here are dead, the result of eating rat
poison while their parents were away
from home.

CINCINNATI MARKETS

Corn—New corn: No. 2 white 70¢,
71¢, No. 3 white 68¢@69¢, No. 4 white
66¢@67¢, No. 2 yellow 69¢@70¢, No. 3
yellow 64¢@65¢, No. 1 yellow 60¢@
62¢, No. 2 mixed 65¢@67¢, No. 3
mixed 63¢@65¢, mixed ear 65¢@67¢,
white ear 65¢@67¢, yellow ear 66¢@68¢.

Hay—No. 1 timothy \$17.75@18,
standard timothy \$16.75@17, No. 2
timothy \$15.75@16, No. 3 timothy \$14
@14.50, No. 1 clover mixed \$15, No. 2
clover mixed \$13, No. 1 clover \$14@
14.50, No. 2 clover \$12@12.50.

Oats—No. 2 white 42¢@43¢, stand-
ard white 39¢@41¢, No. 2 white 40¢
@42¢, No. 4 white 39¢@41¢, No. 2
mixed 40¢@41¢, No. 3 mixed 40¢
@42¢, No. 4 mixed 38¢@39¢.

Wheat—No. 2 red 98¢@99¢, No. 3
red 96¢@98¢, No. 1 red 85¢@94¢.

Poultry—Hens, 5 lbs and over,
13¢; 3½ lbs and over, 12¢; young,
stungy roosters, 12¢; roosters, 10¢;
springers, over 2 lbs, 15¢; springers,
2 lbs and under, 17¢; spring ducks,
white, 4 lbs and over, 15¢; ducks, un-
der 4 lbs, 14¢; turkeys, toms, old, 18¢;
young turkeys, 9 lbs and over, 18¢.

Eggs—Prime firsts 31¢, firsts 30¢,
ordinary firsts 29¢, seconds 28¢.

Cattle—Shippers \$6.75@8.25; butcher
or steers, extra \$7.85@8, good to
choice \$6.85@7.75, common to fair
\$5.75@6.75; heifers, extra \$7.75, good
to choice \$7.25@7.65, common to fair
\$6@7; cows, extra \$6.25@6.50, good to
choice \$5.50@6.15, common to fair
\$4.75@5.25; canners \$3@4.50.

Hulls—Hologna \$6@6.75, extra \$7,
fat hulls \$6.50@7.

Calves—Extra \$10.75@11, fair to
good \$8.50@9.50, common and large
\$5.50@10.25.

Hogs—Selected heavy \$8.50@8.55,
good to choice packers and butchers
\$8.50@8.55, mixed packers \$8.40@8.50,
slugs \$4.50@7, extra \$7.10@7.25, com-
mon to choice heavy fat sows \$5.50@
7.30, extra \$8, light sows \$8@8.55,
pigs (110 lbs and less) \$6@7.75.

Sheep—Extra \$4.75, good to choice
\$4.25@4.65, common to fair \$2.75@
4.15.

Lambs—Extra \$7.90@8, good to
choice \$7.25@7.85, common to fair
\$5.50@7.

FOLLOWS SONS TO DEATH.

Kansas City, Mo.—Charles Louth,
82 years old, followed his two sons to
death under the wheels of a switch
engine when he was struck and killed
in the Chicago, Rock Island and Pa-
cific yards in Kansas City, Kan. The
sons, Edward and Charles, Jr., both
switchmen, were killed in switching
accidents within the last two years.
Otto, a third son, is a cripple as a re-
sult of being struck by a switch en-
gine a year ago.

Better Biscuits Baked With

You never tasted
daintier, lighter, fluffier
biscuits than those
baked with Calumet.
They're always
good—delicious.
For Calumet in-
sures perfect
baking.

RECEIVED
HIGHEST AWARDS

World's Pure Food
Exposition, Chicago,
Illinois.

Paris Exposition,
France, March,
1912.



STOPPED TRAFFIC FOR PUSSY

Business on New York Thoroughfare
Interrupted While Mother Cat
Crosses the Street.

It was a busy day in Fulton street.
Lines of trucks were hucking each other
east and west, when out from a
produce store came a cat, and dangle-
ling from her mouth was a kitten,
with which she essayed to cross the
street. Each time she started she had
to turn back because of a truck, and
her efforts soon attracted a crowd of
idlers.

Down from the corner came a po-
liceman. He soon saw what was the
matter, and while there was nothing
in the traffic regulations to cover the
pout, it took the bluecoat only a mo-
ment to decide what to do.

Going into the street he raised his
hands in the way that truckmen have
learned means "Stop." They stopped.
The cat, seeing her opportunity, took
a firmer hold on the nape of her pro-
prietor, and then, holding it high to keep
its curved tail out of the mud, she
slowly and deliberately picked her way
across and disappeared in a cellar.

Useful Relative.

"Yes, my mother-in-law can make
herself very useful at times."
"Glad you are fair enough to admit
it."

"Of course I'll admit it. Why, just
the other morning she was so pro-
voked at me because I didn't get up
and chop the ice off the front steps
that she went out herself with a
broom and ice pick. She is a stout
lady, and when she slipped on the
top step and bumped herself all the
way to the sidewalk she fell so hard
that she cracked the ice on every
step. Then her language regarding
my shortcomings was so warm that
it melted all the fragments and left
the steps as clean and smooth as they
ever are in July."

Paw Knows Everything.

Willie—Paw, what is a piece de re-
sistance?
Paw—A steak after your mother
gets through frying it, my son.
Maw—You go to bed, Willie.

Not That Kind.

"Do you eat much meat, my dear
sir?"
"No, indeed, doctor! I am a valet-
dierist."

YET ANOTHER INVESTIGATION

ACTIVITY OF TWO IN HELPING LEGISLATURE TO ORGANIZE IN QUESTION.

LOBBIES ARE BEING PROBED

New Bill Proposes Fines For Women Who Wear Narrow Skirts—Another Measure Looks to Publication of School Text Books by State—Children's Home Cut Recommended.

(By Ernest W. Helm.)

Frankfort, Ky.—Close upon the heels of the lobby investigation has come another clinic for busy legislative surgeons. The subjects for the most recent probe are Percy Haley and Sam Shackelford, their activity in helping the legislature to organize having been challenged in a resolution offered by Representative Price, of Covington. The interest in the races of M. O. Scott, president pro tem of the senate, and Wiley Dixon, chief clerk of the senate, will be the subject of inquiry. Under the Ray resolution, a committee of seven is proceeding to investigate lobbyists, who are active in Frankfort.

Would Bar Narrow Skirts.

Representative Huff went on record as being opposed to the narrow skirts. He introduced a bill to prohibit women over 18 years of age from wearing in public skirts of less width than 33 inches around the bottom and fixing a fine of not less than \$1 nor more than \$10 for violations of the act.

If the bill offered by Representative Tillford becomes a law the state of Kentucky will publish its own school text books under such rules as the state board of education may prescribe.

The senate investigation committee suggested that the salary of \$5,000 paid to George L. Sehon, superintendent of the Kentucky Children's Home Society, is excessive, and recommended that the appropriation to the house be cut from \$50,000 to \$25,000.

The committee on appropriation favorably reported the bill providing for a \$50,000 appropriation for a Kentucky exhibit at the Panama Pacific Exposition.

Aspires To Vacant Chair.

Dr. B. E. Manning, of Mt. Sterling, who was defeated for representative by Samuel Turley, has announced his candidacy to fill the vacancy caused by the latter's death. The election will be held February 4.

Farm Work For Convicts.

Land near the Frankfort Reformatory and the Eddyville penitentiary will be leased for a term of two years, with an option of purchase, should the 1916 general assembly see fit to appropriate the money. If a bill prepared by Attorney General Garnett is passed, the net is intended to provide for the employment on state farms of prisoners unfit for shop work or not under contract.

Illiteracy Commission Is Proposed.

The committee on statutes has before it for recommendation the "Kentucky Illiteracy Commission Act," and among sponsors is Mrs. Cora Wilson Stewart, of Morehead, author of the moonlight schools for adults in the mountains. The measure provides for the creation of a commission to be appointed by the governor. Members are to receive no pay for service, but their necessary expenses in gathering data are to be defrayed by the state.

School Book Commission.

The text book measure enacted by the 1910 general assembly repealing the uniform school book law vested county school superintendents and boards in each county of the state with authority to select school books for their respective counties. The new bill, which has commanded universal interest at this session, provides for the appointment of the state school book commission of twelve, consisting of one man from each of the eleven congressional districts and the state superintendent of public instruction as ex-officio chairman.

New Senate Bills.

Webster Helm—To amend the criminal code relating to testimony in certain cases—Courts and Legal Procedure.
Webster Helm—To amend act relating to marriage ceremony—Judiciary.
S. L. Robertson—To regulate itinerant merchants, requiring them to pay a special license—Kentucky Statutes.
T. E. Bagby—To amend act and game law—Fish, Game and Forestry.
E. L. Marshall—To regulate construction of streets in cities of third class—Municipalities.
J. P. Tunis—To regulate tenure of office in cities of second class—Municipalities.
M. Vincent—Act to further regulate appeal to court of appeals—Courts and Legal Procedure.
M. Vincent—To enable pupils who quit any school before term ends to recover proportionate part of tuition—Education.
H. Andie—To allow counties to buy and maintain bloodhounds—Military Affairs.
C. F. Montgomery—To prohibit officials in attorney general's office, commonwealth or county attorneys from accepting employment with public service corporations—Judiciary.
J. E. Bond—To prevent public officers from accepting free service from public service corporations—Propositions and Grievances.
R. H. Scott—Prohibiting common carriers to issue free transportation to public officers or members of their families—Propositions and Grievances.
R. H. Scott—To require employers to pay wages at least every fifteen days—Immigration and Labor.

AUTHOR OF BILL



Mrs. Cora Wilson Stewart, educator and author of Morehead, is author of the Kentucky illiteracy bill which now is before the general assembly. She has been for years among the foremost in state educational work, and the moonlight schools for adults in the mountains are fruits of her genius.

New House Bills.

E. C. Greene—Act to amend Section 6, Chapter 1, Kentucky Statutes—Judiciary.
Alburn Phelps—Authorizing license of the several counties to purchase and maintain bloodhounds—County and City Courts.
J. T. Webb—To revise primary election law so candidates will not be required to secure signatures of electors to petition for election to get on ballot—Suffrage and Elections.
W. A. Perry—Act to amend act pertaining to annuities for school teachers in cities of first class, permitting board of education to appropriate 1 per cent of school revenue from city taxes to that purpose—Municipalities.

W. A. Perry—Act levying a tax to pay claims arising under act entitled "Act granting pensions to indigent and disabled Confederate soldiers"—Confederate Soldiers.
W. A. Price—Act to amend Section 6 of the act to compel attendance upon public schools—Municipalities.
W. A. Price—To amend act relating to husband and wife—Kentucky Statutes.
J. E. White—To regulate sale of agricultural and other lands—Agriculture.
H. H. Rogers—Providing penalty for reading a crowing crop of any part thereof—Criminal Law.

S. E. Reed—To further regulate corporations having capital stock—Corporate Institutions.
W. J. Kuhl—To prohibit sale of or trafficking in bottles, shampoos, lotions and other articles of containers handled with brand of manufacturer or seller of contents thereof—Criminal Law.
R. H. Linchcraft—To regulate further the issuing of marriage licenses in interior of counties—Kentucky Statutes.
J. C. Duffy—To amend act relating to revenue and taxation—Revenue and Taxation.

R. Jones—Relating to certification of teachers and inspection and accrediting of Kentucky institutions of higher learning by state board of education, and providing for recognition of certificates from other states by reciprocity—Education.
W. A. Wilson—To amend act entitled "Act for protection of game and fish"—Fish and Game.
M. A. Wilson—Authorizing rewards for killing chickenpox—Agriculture.

J. C. Greene—Act to amend act relating to fire, lightning, hail, wind-storm and sprinkler leakage—Insurance—Fire, Lightning and Marine.
J. C. Dresher—Appropriating \$125 for repairs of property of the state—Public Monuments and Historical Records.
J. C. Duffy—To appropriate \$3,000 to enable the Commissioners of the Kentucky State Fair to purchase additional ground—Public Monuments and Historical Records.
John C. Duffy—Act to amend acts of 1912 assigning cities and towns to class to which they belong—Classification of Cities and Towns.

J. W. Douglas—To provide for return of tuition to pupils from commercial and business schools and colleges and business universities—State University and Normal Schools.
J. T. Webb—To repeal and re-enact subsection 2 of Section 522, Chapter 13, Chapter 2 of Civil Code of Practice authorizing a trial of practice cases by oral testimony—Rules of Practice.
J. C. Lacy—To require board to censor motion pictures—Judiciary.
S. H. Glenn—To prevent corrupt practices in elections—Suffrage and Elections.
J. T. Tunis—Act to prevent blindness—Kentucky Statutes.

J. T. Tunis—Act to provide for stenographer in examining trials and to appoint in felony cases—Courts and Legal Procedure.
Webster Helm—Act to exempt state warrants from taxation—Revenue and Taxation.
Webster Helm—Act to further regulate salaries of employees of public institutions—Public Institutions.
W. E. Webb—Act making it unlawful to use abusive or profane language over a telephone—Kentucky Statutes.

C. H. Knight—Act to appropriate \$11,000 to Kentucky Institute for the Blind, at Louisville, the sum of \$2,000 to be applied to an indebtedness and the remainder to be spent for a new heating plant and other improvements—Appropriations.
J. W. Clay—Act to punish persons for jumping on or off moving trains—Common Carriers and Commerce.
C. H. Arnett—Act to provide for the payment of rewards for the killing of chickenpox—Appropriations.

C. H. Arnett—Act to increase hunters' license from \$1 to \$1.50—Fish, Game and Forestry.
J. H. Williams—Act to provide for the reporting to the Commissioner of Agriculture, Labor and Statistics of certain industrial accidents, and fixing penalties for failure to do so—Immigration, Labor and Manufacturing.
H. H. Brock—To prevent corrupt practices in elections and regular elections—Suffrage and Elections.

H. H. Brock—To require corporations to have agents in every county in this state in which they do business, on whom legal processes may be served—Judiciary.
R. M. Salmon—To punish persons circulating any bank, savings bank or trust company—Kentucky Statutes.

W. B. Moody—To increase jurisdiction of Quarterly Courts in civil cases up to \$500, and to limit appeals from Quarterly Courts to cases over \$50—Courts and Legal Procedure.

W. B. Moody (by request)—Act to increase the fees of County Judges and Clerks in making and recording settlements of estates of deceased persons—Kentucky Statutes.

H. O. Sanders—To provide for a collection of school taxes, counties where no taxes exist or failed to qualify. It affects Taylor county—Taxation.

C. F. Montgomery—To change time of holding court in the Twenty-fourth judicial district. It affects Casey county—Judicial Districts and Reorganization.

J. H. Williams—To amend and designate certain rooms in the Capitol for the exclusive use of members of the General Assembly—Public Buildings and Monuments.

J. T. Webb—To amend Civil Code of Practice and regulating suits against official entities—Code of Practice.

M. S. Walton—Moving it proposed for certain officers to accept free or reduced rates from public service corporations—Public Utilities.

W. A. Price—To amend act relating to a fund for the poor—Poor.

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BRIDGE WRECKED BY LOG CARRIER

SPAN OVER THE KENTUCKY AT QUICKSAND IS PULLED FROM ITS PIERS.

EIGHT HUNDRED MADE IDLE

Eighteen Mines Are Sold To a Pennsylvania Syndicate for Six Million Dollars—President Wilson Is Invited To Address State Educational Meeting.

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

Quicksand, Ky.—Eight hundred employees of logging camps were thrown out of employment when the bridge over the Kentucky river at this point was pulled entirely off its piers.

A look on a log that was being moved over the bridge on a rolling machine caught, and the machinery could not be stopped until the bridge and log both had dropped into the river below. No work can be done until the bridge is replaced.

Eight men on the bridge at the time were thrown into the river and were rescued with difficulty. The damage to the bridge is estimated at \$50,000.

NEW TOWNS SPRINGING UP.

Jackson, Ky.—The railroad extension along the North Fork of the Kentucky river is opening up a virgin coal field of immense possibilities. No expense has been spared in building this new track in eliminating curves and cutting down grades, so as to make it possible to haul heavy loads at a minimum cost. The region is growing a population in a remarkable way. There are half a dozen towns along this new line, where a year ago there were only cornfields. The coal is thick and easily mined.

REARRESTED AFTER PARDON.

Louisville, Ky.—W. C. Andrews, for years prominent as a choir singer in Louisville churches, who has been serving a sentence of one year in jail, was pardoned by Gov. McCreary, but while he was picking up his belongings a deputy United States marshal rearrested him on a warrant sworn out by federal officers, charging him with having represented himself as a government white slave officer.

SUITS AGAINST RAILROADS.

Covington, Ky.—Suits were instituted in the United States court against several railroad companies operating in Kentucky. T. O. L. & N. C. & O. L. C. N. O. & T. P. and the Eastern Kentucky railroad companies are charged with operating cars of which the coupling or other equipment or mechanism were out of repair.

EXTENSION OF SCHOOL TERM.

Frankfort, Ky.—The state department of education is making out the bills for the final distribution of the state school fund for the present year, which will be sent out February 1. There will be sufficient surplus in the fund, Superintendent Hamber said, to warrant the extension of the school term.

TEST WELLS BEING BORED.

Whitesburg, Ky.—Representatives of the New Dominion Oil & Gas Co. have been along the southern shore of Letcher county for some time, leasing land for oil drilling purposes. In Perry county the company has leased thousands of acres of land, ready drilling test holes.

ROAD ENGINEERS TO MEET.

Frankfort, Ky.—A smoker which members of the joint conference of roads of the general assembly were invited, and a reception to them by Gov. McCreary, are included in the program of the meeting of county road engineers to be held here February 4 and 5.

THREE CHILDREN ARE RESCUED.

Georgetown, Ky.—The home of J. J. Williamson was burned while two children were absent. Joe Frank, 11, and a neighbor, carried out three children just as the roof of the house fell in.

CAMPAIN FOR A HOSPITAL.

Carlisle, Ky.—Edward Sapp, a representative of the tuberculosis commission, is here conducting a campaign for the erection of a tuberculosis hospital in Nicholas county.

HARRODSBURG WANTS DELIVERY.

Harrodsburg, Ky.—Representative Harvey Helm has taken up with the postoffice department the matter of providing free city mail delivery for Harrodsburg, and says there are some prospects of success.

NEW BRIDGE IS COMPLETED.

Cadiz, Ky.—The large iron bridge across Little river, four miles west of here, was completed and accepted by the county authorities.

EX-REPRESENTATIVE DEAD.

Lexington, Ky.—John S. Owsley, 73 years old who represented Lincoln county in the legislature of 1878, died at his home in this city.

YOUNG IRVINE EDITOR



Although John W. Walker is among the youngest editors of Kentucky, he is making a success of the Irvine Sun such as would do credit to a veteran, and his paper is accomplishing much good for his community.

COAL CARS ARE TOO HIGH.

Lexington, Ky.—Large quantities of coal now being mined in the Kentucky mountains is being stored. The reason for this, it is said, is primarily shortage of cars. The Louisville & Nashville Railroad Co. recently had delivered from the Compressed Steel Car Co. 1,500 cars, but owing to the excessive overtime on the mountain roads, they were so heavily and they have all been sent back to the foundry to have 15 inches taken off all around the top.

ONE SERVICE FOR BOTH.

Hopkinsville, Ky.—Dying within a few hours of each other, Jonathan Harlow, 84 years old, and his sister, Mrs. Sarah Jones, 75, were buried side by side, one service sufficing for both.

POLICE WOMEN ARE WANTED.

Covington, Ky.—The women's civic club here has secured a numerous signed petition to the mayor and the city council, asking the appointment of police women.

TOWN TO HAVE WATERWORKS.

Georgetown, Ky.—At a meeting of the board of directors of the Public Utility Co. of this city, plans were presented for the installation of water works.

ASSASSIN SHOTS WIDOW.

Georgetown, Ky.—Mrs. Lizzie Burnett, widow of a man slain from an assassin's bullet, was shot at her home here by a man who was a window cleaner.

R. C. FORD TO BE MARSHAL.

Morehead, Ky.—President Wilson has nominated R. C. Ford, of Morehead, to be United States marshal for the first district of Kentucky.

MORGAN BURIED AT LEXINGTON.

Lexington, Ky.—The body of A. A. Morgan, who died in a fire here, was buried at Lexington, Mo. Morgan was a native of this city.

STRICKEN ON WEDDING TRIP.

Lexington, Ky.—While on his wedding trip, F. H. Hines, of Lexington, was stricken with apoplexy at St. Augustine, Fla.

FAYLES OLD MARE DESTROYED.

Lexington, Ky.—Margie F. Fayle, a prize show mare belonging to A. R. Spahr, was destroyed at the age of 3 years.

NEW COMPANY IS LAUNCHED.

Lexington, Ky.—Arlette Incorporated, of the Blue Grass Lumber Co., with stock capital stock, were filed here.

TWO HOTELS TO CONSOLIDATE.

Lexington, Ky.—Plans for the consolidation of the Lexington hotel and the Old Inn have been perfected.

SWEEPING VACCINATION ORDER.

Balls, Ky.—Wholesale vaccinations are the result of an order of the county and city boards of health owing to the prevalence of smallpox in Bourbon county. Thirty cases are reported at various sections of the county.

EX-REPRESENTATIVE DEAD.

Lexington, Ky.—John S. Owsley, 73 years old who represented Lincoln county in the legislature of 1878, died at his home in this city.

BIG REDUCTION

Car Load Syracuse

PLOWS,

PLOWS,

PLOWS,

In all Sizes and Styles, To Go at Factory Prices.

We Carry The Leading Brands of Farming Implements

NOTE CAREFULLY OUR LOW PRICES

GROCERIES

Best Patent Flour, white as snow, Rich as Cream, per sack only	65c
Per barrel, only	\$5.40
Mother's Self-Rising Flour, Makes Biscuit like Mother use to make, per sack only	80c
Meal, Kilm Dried, in 21 pound bags only	43c
Two for	85c
Granulated Sugar, PURE CANE, per pound	05c
Regular 25c Green Coffee, per pound	18c
Regular 25c Roasted Coffee, per pound	15c
Regular 20c Roasted Coffee, per pound	13½c
Hand-picked navy beans, per pound	4½c
8 Cakes Lenox or Hammer Soap	10c
12 Cakes good Toilet Soap	20c
3 pkcs. Light House Cleanser	10c
Lye Balls, each	05c
2 cans Polk's Best Corn	15c
2 cans Overland Peas	15c
Stella brand Table Peaches	20c
Compound lard, in tubs, per lb.	9½c
Pure Lard in tubs, per lb.	12½c

FEEDS.

No. 1. Indiana Timothy Hay, 3 wires to bale, per 100 lbs.	\$1.25
Mountain City Mills fine feed. The feed that is 100% good, none better, in white cotton bags	\$1.60

Our stock of Groceries is fresh and will be delivered anywhere in the city limits.

SEE OUR BARGAIN COUNTER FOR ALL KINDS OF CHEAP SHOES, INCLUDING BOYS AND CHILDREN'S SHOES.

Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies' and Gents Furnishings

10c and 12½c Dress Gingham	3½c
10c Apron Gingham, per yard	08½c
Calico, all colors, per yard	05c
10c Outing, per yard	07½c
50c all Wool Serge, per yard	38c
50c all Wool Mohair, per yard	35c
15c 20c Flannelette, per yard	10c
15c Dress Goods, per yard	10c
25c Ratine, per yard	15c
35c Satin charmeuse, in Red White and Black	27c
50c Foulard-De Luxe	29c
35c Eddy Silk	25c
50c Washable Habutai	28c
Men's Wool Shirts, going at	COST
Men's 25c and 35c all Silk Ties	19c
350 Men's 50c and 75c all silk and velvet Ties, Latest styles and colors	38c
Men's 25c, 30c and 35c Belts; will be sold at	19c
Men's 50c and 75c Belts going at	38c
25c Genuine Gauze Lisle ½ hose	16c
20c Genuine Gauze Lisle ½ hose	11c
10c half hose	08c
2 pair for	15c
Ladies 50c Silk Hose	38c
25c Lisle Hose	17c
20c Lisle Hose	13c
15c Lisle Hose	11c
10c Lisle Hose	08c
2 pair for	15c
\$2.50 and \$3.00 Messaline Petticoates	\$1.98

Hats and Caps

Men's \$2.50 Hats	\$1.69
2.00 Hats	1.48
1.50 Hats	1.19
1.25 Hats	.98
1.00 Hats	.79
Boys 1.00 Hats	.79
50c Hats	.38
Mens 50c Caps	.38
Mens 25c Caps	.19

CLOTHING

Mens \$25.00 Hart, Schoffner & Marx Coat and Pants	\$16.98
20.00 Hart, Schoffner & Marx Coat and Pants	14.98
18.00 Hart, Schoffner & Marx Coat and Pants	12.48
15.00 Suits	10.48
12.50 and 13.50 Suits	9.48
10.00 and 11.00	7.48
8.00 and 8.50 all wool pants	1.98
Odd Coats, Half	Price
Mens \$1.00 Overalls	80c

SHOES!

Mens \$1.50 Walk Over Shoes	3.98
1.00 Walk Over Shoes	3.48
3.50 Walk Over Shoes	2.98
2.50 Shoes	1.98
Ladies 4.00 Walk Over Shoes	3.48
3.50 Walk Over Shoes	2.98
2.50 Shoes, all leathers	1.98
2.00 Shoes	1.48

Tess and Ted School Shoes, for boy's and girls, Who Care.

WHITE'S SEWING MACHINES

The latest improved six-drawer Machine with Vibrator and Rotary Shuttle. Regular price is \$70.00. To you at **\$38.00**

WAGONS

We have on hands the following Bargains in WAGONS:—6—2½ John Deere, gears complete, cast skein **\$49**
4—2½—John Deere, gears complete with steel skeins. None better **\$52**

Old Hickory Wagons, at Mfr's. Prices and sold on terms as allowed by Factory.

PLOWS

No. 825 1-h. Hillside, Syracuse plows, solid moldboard, malable standard, with extra share **\$5.19**
No. 30 2-horse Hillside Syracuse plows, malable standard, with extra share, only **\$6.19**
No. 226 Heavy 2-h Hillside Syracuse plows, with extra share **\$8.98**
No. 1304 2-h Level Land, Syracuse plows, with ext. share, left hand **\$8.48**
No. 1464 2-h Level Land, Syracuse plows, with ext. share right hand **\$8.48**

Syracuse plows all have MALABLE STANDARDS and points fasten on with TWO BOLTS; all others have cast Standards and only one Bolt to point.

ANY GOODS SOLD ON APPROVAL WILL BE TAKEN BACK IN EXCHANGE FOR OTHER MERCHANDISE OR REFUNDED FOR IN CASH.

WE PAY CASH FOR ALL KINDS OF PRODUCE, LUMBER, CROSS-TIES AND TAN-BARK, ETC.

THE SMITH-RILEY CO.

INCORPORATED

Opposite L. & N. Depot, Barbourville, Ky.

Telephone No. 162

F. H. MOON, General Manager.